Registered number: 02423219

THE EDUCATIONAL RECORDING AGENCY LIMITED

(A Company Limited by Guarantee)

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019



COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Deborah Claire Annetts

Jeremy Christian Richard Bell

Andrew Robert Chowns

Richard Combes
Tom De Lange
Mary Bridget Egan
Karen Estelle Fishman
Elizabeth Sarah Gibson
Andrew Harrower
Caroline Jane Hyndman

William Reid Jackson Jeremy Kimberlin Leslie Guy Lavender Marcus James Lee Iestyn Sion Morris

John Vincent Peter O'Sullivan

Christine Grace Payne Horace Trubridge

Jonathan William Vandermeer Kiaron James Whitehead Christian Zimmermann

Company secretary Helena Djurkovic

Registered number 02423219

Registered office 5th Floor, Shackleton House

4 Battle Bridge Lane

London SE1 2HX

Independent auditors Haysmacintyre LLP

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019.

Principal activity and review of business

The principal activity of the company is the issuing of licences for educational use of copyright works and performances to educational bodies in return for licence fees which, after deduction of expenses, are distributable to members.

The use of broadcast materials in class by teachers and lecturers is a powerful tool for enhancing teaching and learning at all levels of education from primary to tertiary. Television and radio content provide a highly effective means of illustrating and explaining complex concepts, engaging students and stimulating debate. Such is the range and quality of broadcast resources available under the ERA Licence that materials are available that closely match the curricular and learning requirements of students across the vast majority of subjects and at all levels of study.

ERA's primary strategic objective is to maximise the value that licensees derive from the ERA Licence. It does so through four key inter-related approaches: increasing the range and volume of broadcast content that is readily accessible by licensees; improving the means by which the ERA repertoire can be accessed, recorded and stored by licensees; promoting the value of broadcast materials in teaching and learning; and offering a growing range of tools and resources which support the use of broadcast recordings in teaching and learning.

ERA is working with its members and cultural heritage institutions to make available significant archives of broadcast recordings for educational use under the ERA Licence. A substantial tranche of historic materials from the BBC archives will become accessible through third party suppliers this year and further significant volumes will follow thereafter.

ERA is committed to ensuring its licencees can identify the most appropriate broadcast content and effective ways of using it to help unlock and stimulate the learning potential of children and young adults. To this end, ERA seeks out and promotes pedagogic research and examples of best practice to maximise understanding amongst educational professionals of how to select and use broadcast materials to support their students' learning objectives. ERA also invests time and resources in identifying broadcast programming that can enhance teaching and learning. In October 2018 ERA launched its new website. Not only has site design and navigation been much enhanced but the new website now includes a free online search service, which enables licensees to pinpoint and link to a vast catalogue of television and radio programmes which match their specific teaching requirements.

ERA has continued to expand its communications with end users with the aim of increasing awareness and enhancing the 'added value' of the ERA Licence. ERA has an extensive outreach programme, involving visits to schools, colleges and universities and exhibiting and speaking at conferences and events organised by subject associations and professional bodies. ERA's outreach programme is designed not only to encourage use of broadcast materials for educational use and disseminate information about the resources we offer, but also, perhaps more importantly, to maximise engagement with educators across subjects and type of institution to enable us to fully understand their requirements and ensure we tailor our services and resources to maximise the value our licensees derive from the ERA Licence.

ERA takes it responsibilities to the education sector in the UK extremely seriously and will continue to ensure that the ERA Licence helps facilitate improvements in teaching and learning throughout the country.

Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £1,663 (2018 – loss £1,049).

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

Ms D C Annetts

Mr J C R Bell

Mr A R Chowns

Mr R Combes

Mr T De Lange

Mr M Egan (appointed 16 November 2018)

Ms H A Evans (resigned 15 October 2018)

Ms K E Fishman

Ms E S Gibson

Mr A Harrower

Ms C J Hyndman

Mr W R Jackson

Mr J Kimberlin

Mr L G Lavender

Mr M J Lee

Ms S M Malden (resigned 16 November 2018)

Mr I S Morris (appointed 15 October 2018)

Mr J V P O'Sullivan

Mrs C G Payne

Mr H Trubridge

Mr J W Vandermeer

Mr K J Whitehead

C Zimmermann

Membership

The number of Members represented during the year was 21 (2018: 21). ERA Licences do not include any Extended Collective Licensing Scheme.

Share capital and structure

ERA is a private company limited by guarantee and has no share capital. ERA owns one dormant subsidiary company, Educational Resource Agency Limited.

ERA operates, on a not-for-profit basis, as a collective management organisation for the purposes of The Collective Management of Copyright (EU Directive) Regulations 2016 ("the CMO Regulations").

Each Member of ERA is entitled to nominate one representative who, subject to election by the Members of ERA, is then invited be a non-executive Director of ERA.

Each non-executive Director of ERA also forms part of the supervisory function of ERA for the purposes of compliance with the Regulations.

Procedures for the appointment of Directors are set out in the Articles of Association of ERA. Directors may appoint alternates to attend Board meetings in their absence.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Distribution policy

ERA Members have approved the Distribution Policy applied by ERA for the purposes of proposing and (subject to required approvals) making distributions to ERA members.

The company seeks approval from the Members for distribution of earned licence fees under the ERA Licensing Scheme.

The approved Distribution Policy is published on the ERA website at www.era.org.uk.

Four Distributions were made to ERA Members during the year ended 31 March 2019.

The total sums distributed were:

£2,900,000 on 29 June 2018 £2,950,000 on 31 October 2018 £2,900,000 on 31 December 2018 £2,900,000 on 29 March 2019

The total amount distributed to right holders during the year was £11,650,000

Share capital and distribution

All licences issued during the year ended 31 March 2019 were in the form of the current ERA Licence and the categories and types of rights represented by ERA on behalf of its Members is set out within the terms and conditions of the ERA Licence.

As at 1 April 2018 ERA held £2,167,972 as licence fees collected from educational establishments of Further and Higher Education and additional educational licences, such as language schools, whose ERA Licences ran from 1 August 2017 to 31 July 2018. Schools licences are issued to apply from 1 April to 31 March annually. An additional amount of £115,936 was undistributed at 1 April 2018 meaning the total amount held by ERA on behalf of its Members was £2,283,908 at this date.

As at 1 April 2019 ERA held £2,170,012 as licence fees collected from educational establishments of Further and Higher education whose licences run from 1 August 2018 to 31 July 2019. These sums relate to licence fees relevant for the period 1 April 2019 and fall due for distribution in the financial year commencing 1 April 2019. An additional amount of £50,505 was undistributed at 31 March 2019 meaning the total amount held by ERA on behalf of its Members was £2,220,517 at this date.

The total revenue from the current ERA Licence during the year ended 31 March 2019 was £12,406,567. No sums were held by ERA as non-distributable amounts.

The total costs incurred in administering licences during the year were £880,182 (2017: £856,396).

No remuneration was paid to directors during the year. Details of payments made for insurance to cover its Directors and Officers against liabilities can be found in Note 6 to the accounts.

Code of Conduct

The company has adopted and published a Code of Conduct relating to its operations.

The Code of Conduct has been made available to the Members and is posted on the company website at www.era.org.uk.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Reserves

In accordance with the company Policy on Deductions approved by ERA Members, the Directors have agreed that it is prudent for a provision of around £30,000 to be held by the company as unrestricted reserves to meet the obligations of the Company.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on

18 July 2019

and signed on its behalf.

Helena Djurkovic Secretary

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE EDUCATIONAL RECORDING AGENCY LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Educational Recording Agency Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 March 2019, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 March 2019 and of its result for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditors' Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE EDUCATIONAL RECORDING AGENCY LIMITED (CONTINUED)

inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are
 prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
 regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' Report and
 from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement on page 5, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF THE EDUCATIONAL RECORDING AGENCY LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' Report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Thomas Wilson (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Haysmacintyre LLP

Statutory Auditors

10 Queen Street Place London

EC4R 1AG

Date: 22-/27/19

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

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	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Income		819,958	824,020
Direct costs		(82,192)	(94,822)
Gross surplus		737,766	729,198
Administrative expenses		(797,990)	(761,574)
Operating deficit	4	(60,224)	(32,376)
Interest receivable and similar income		60,224	32,057
Surplus/ (deficit) before tax		-	(319)
Tax on surplus/ (deficit)		(1,663)	(730)
Surplus/ (deficit) for the financial year		(1,663)	(1,049)

There was no other comprehensive income for 2019 (2018: £Nil).

The notes on pages 11 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

THE EDUCATIONAL RECORDING AGENCY LIMITED

(A Company Limited by Guarantee) REGISTERED NUMBER: 02423219

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

•	Note		2019 £		2018 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		31,277		36,239
Investments	8		1		1
			31,278	, 	36,240
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	9	628,667		632,043	
Cash at bank and in hand	10	1,635,564		1,704,250	
		2,264,231		2,336,293	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	11	(2,270,739)		(2,346,100)	
Net current liabilities		·	(6,508)	, · . · . · . · . · . · . · . · . · . · 	(9,807)
Total assets less current liabilities			24,770	•	26,433
Net assets		. <u> </u>	24,770		26,433
Reserves		· .			
Income and expenditure account			24,770		26,433
			24,770	_	26,433

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A- small entities.

The were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 18 2019

Ms D Annetts

Director

The notes on pages 11 to 20 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1. General information

These financial statements are presented in Pounds Sterling (GBP), as this is the currency in which all of the Company's transactions are denominated.

The Company is a United Kingdom company limited by guarentee and is incorporated in England.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

These financial statements have been prepared using the going concern basis of accounting. Costs are covered by retaining the necessary amount from fees collected on behalf of the members. Management are confident that fees receiveable will continue to cover the expenses and liabilities incurred by the Company.

2.3 Income

Income relates to the principal activity of issuing licenses for off air educational use of copyright works and performances to educational establishments and represents fee revenue retained by the company to cover operating overheads. Therefore, revenue is recognised based on expenses and services that have occured in the year.

2.4 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Profit and Loss Account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2.5 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account using the effective interest method.

2.6 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

2.8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Short-term leasehold property

- Over the term of the lease

Fixtures and fittings

- 15% per annum on cost

Office equipment

- 20%/33.33% per annum on cost

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

2.9 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions which affect reported income, expenses and liabilities. Use of available information and application of judgment are inherent in the formation of estimates, together with past experience and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumsdances. Actual results in the future could differ from such estimates.

The only significant judgement made by the directors is the treatment of the license fee as an agent arrangement. The directors treat the license fee as being collected as an agent on behalf of its members and income recognised in these financial statements is recognised to cover the administration costs of the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

4. Operating loss

The operating loss is stated after charging:

	2019 £	2018 £
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	22,745	23, 153
Fees payable to the Company's auditor and its associates for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements	9,000	13,000
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	34,822	458
Other operating lease rentals	17,034	21,547

5. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 6 (2018 - 5).

6. Directors' remuneration

·	·	2019 £	2018 £
	,	2,184	2,145
Aggregate remuneration		2,184	2,145

The emoluments disclosed above represent the payment by the company of insurance to cover its Directors and Officers against liabilities in relation to their duties to the company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

7. Tangible fixed assets

	Leasehold property improvements £	Fixtures and fittings	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 April 2018	21,081	8,374	40,689	70,144
Additions	16,230	-	1,765	17,995
Disposals	(21,081)		(457)	(21,538)
At 31 March 2019	16,230	8,374	41,997	66,601
Depreciation				,
At 1 April 2018	13,427	1,256	19,222	33,905
Charge for the year on owned assets	10,143	1,258	11,344	22,745
Disposals	(21,081)	-	(245)	(21,326)
At 31 March 2019	2,489	2,514	30,321	35,324
Net book value				
At 31 March 2019	13,741	5,860	11,676	31,277
At 31 March 2018	7,655	7,118	21,466	36,239

8. Fixed asset investments

	Investments in subsidiary companies £
Cost or valuation At 1 April 2018	1
At 31 March 2019	. 1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

Fixed asset investments (continued) 8.

Subsidiary undertaking

The following was a subsidiary undertaking of the Company:

Name	Registered office	Principal activity	Class of shares	Holding
Educational Resource Agency Limited	England	dormant	Ordinary	100%

The aggregate of the share capital and reserves as at 31 March 2019 and the profit or loss for the year ended on that date for the subsidiary undertaking was as follows:

> **Aggregate** of share capital and

Name

Educational Resource Agency Limited

reserves

The Subsidiary has been dormant since incorporation. Its registered office is 5th Floor, Shackleton House, 4 Battle Bridge Lane, London, England, SE1 2HX.

Under the provision of section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 the company is exempt from preparing consolidated accounts and has not done so, therefore the accounts show information about the company as an individual entity.

9. **Debtors**

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	1,256	5,924
Other debtors	580,885	610,478
Prepayments and accrued income	43,184	12,659
Deferred taxation	3,342	2,982
	628,667	632,043

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

10.	Cash and cash equivalents		
		2019 £	2018 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	1,635,562	1,704,250
	•	1,635,562	1,704,250
11.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2019	2018
		£	£
	Trade creditors	19,991	26,835
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	1	1
	Amounts owed to members	2,220,517	2,283,908
	Corporation tax	2,024	3,224
	Other taxation and social security	7,020	7,219
	Accruals and deferred income	21,186	24,913

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

´ 12.

Financial instruments		
	2019 £	2018 £
Financial assets	- .	~
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	1,256	5,924
Cash and cash equivalents	1,635,562	1,704,250
	1,636,818	1,710,174
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	2,268,715	2,342,876

Financial assets measured at fair value through amortised cost comprise trade debtors and other debtors (excluding VAT debtors).

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise trade creditors, other creditors and accruals.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

13. Deferred taxation

	2019 £
At beginning of year	2,982
Charged to profit or loss	360
At end of year	3,342
The deferred tax asset is made up as follows:	
2019 £	2018 £
Tax losses carried forward 3,342	2,982
3,342	2,982

14. Company status

The company is a private company limited by guarantee and consequently does not have share capital.

15. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 March 2019 the Company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	2019 £	2018 £
Not later than 1 year	16,367	17,034
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	46,373	425
	62,740	17,459

16. Related party transactions

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be dicslosed under FRS 102.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

17. Members' liability

The members of the company are the subscribing members of the Association at any one time, and their liability, in the event of the winding-up of the Association, is limited to £1 per member.

The company is a private company limited by guarantee and consequently does not have the share capital. Each of the members is liable to contribute an amount not exceeding £1 towards the assets of the company in the event of a liquidation.

18. Controlling party

In the opinion of the directors there is no controlling party.